

treatment of Canada and of any other country."

Must Decide Soon.
The President says that the Canadians soon must decide whether they are to regard themselves as isolated permanently from our markets by a perpetual wall, or whether we are to be commercial friends. If we give them reason to take the former view, he adds, "can we complain if they adopt methods denying access to certain of their natural resources except upon conditions quite unfavorable to us."

A notable instance of such a possibility may be seen in the conditions surrounding the supply of pulp wood and the manufacture of print paper, for which we have made a conditional provision in the agreement, believed to be equitable. Should we not, now, therefore, before their policy becomes too crystallized and fixed for change, meet them in a spirit of real concession, facilities for commerce between the two countries and thus greatly increase the natural resources available to our people?

As to the effect of the arrangement would have on the cost of living in the United States, the President says: "I do not wish to hold out the prospect that the unrestricted interchange of food products will greatly and at once reduce their cost to the people of this country. Moreover, the present small amount of Canadian surplus for export as compared with that of our own production and consumption would make the reduction gradual. Excluding the element of transportation, the price of staple food products, especially of cereals, is much the same throughout the world, and the recent increase in price has been the result of a world-wide cause. But a source of supply as near as Canada would certainly help to prevent speculative fluctuations, would stay local price movements, and would reduce the effect of a further increase in the price of leading commodities entering into the cost of living, if that be inevitable."

"My purpose in making a reciprocal trade agreement with Canada has been to mutually advantage both countries, but one which also would be truly national in its scope as applied to our country and would be of benefit to all sections."

"Some readjustments may be needed, but in a very short period the advantage of the free commercial exchange between communities separated only by short distances will be strikingly manifest. That the best of the benefits of the sources of food supplies; that the opening of the timber resources of the Dominion to our needs; that the addition to the supply of materials will be limited to no particular extent, does not require demonstration. The same observation applies to the markets which the Dominion has to offer in exchange. As an illustration, it has been found possible to obtain free entry into Canada for fresh fruits and vegetables—a matter of special value to the South and to the Pacific coast in disposing of their products in their season. It also has been practicable to obtain free entry for the cotton seed oil of the South—a most important product with a rapidly expanding market in the Dominion."

"This trade agreement, if entered into, will cement the friendly relations with the Dominion which have resulted from the satisfactory settlement of the controversies that have lasted for a century, and further promote good feeling between kindred peoples. It will extend the market for numerous products of the United States among the inhabitants of a prosperous neighboring country with an increasing population and an increasing purchasing power. It will deepen and widen the sources of food supply in the Dominion, and will facilitate the movement and distribution of these foodstuffs."

President Taft concludes his message by expressing the hope "that the measure will be promptly enacted into law."

Basis of Agreement.
The basis of the agreement, as summarized by the State Department follows:

"Reciprocal lists on leading food products, such as wheat and other grains; dairy products, fresh fruits and vegetables, fish of all kinds, eggs and poultry, cattle, sheep and other live animals. Also certain commodities now free in one country are to be made free by the other, such as cotton seed oil by Canada, and rough lumber by the United States. Tin and terne plates, now dutiable in both countries, are made mutually free. Barbed wire is exempted from duty by Canada. It is also exempted by the United States. Some raw materials, such as mica and gypsum, which enter into numerous industries, are to be made free by the United States. Printing paper is to become free on the removal of all restrictions on the exportation of pulp wood."

"Mutually reduced identical rates on secondary food products, such as fresh meats, canned meats, bacon and hams, lard and compounds, canned vegetables, fruit, preserves, and other foodstuffs, partly manufactured."

"Mutually reduced rates on a list of manufactured commodities which includes motor vehicles, cutlery, clocks and watches, sanitary fixtures, satchels, brass band instruments, printing ink and miscellaneous articles. Agricultural implements, such as plows, harrows, threshing machines and drills are reduced by Canada to the United States rates."

"A small list of articles is given special rates by each country. Canada reduced coal to 45 cents per ton, and steel to 11 cents per 100 pounds. The United States reduced iron ore to 10 cents per ton, lowers the rate on aluminum products, and on dressed lumber."

It provides that wood pulp, paper or board from the United States shall be admitted free of duty into Canada, and such products of Canada, as admitted from all parts of Canada free of duty into the United States. The statement adds:

Total amount of duties to be remitted by the United States, \$4,550,000; by Canada, \$2,500,000.

Value of articles now dutiable, which the United States proposes to make free, \$3,813,000, or 76.1 per cent.; which Canada proposes to make free, \$21,555,000, or 16.5 per cent.

Value of dutiable articles on which the United States proposes to reduce duties, \$7,521,000, or 15.4 per cent.; on which Canada proposes to reduce duties, \$25,570,000, or 19.5 per cent.

Value of articles imported into the United States which are affected by the reciprocal agreement, \$13,232,000, or 33 per cent.; imported into Canada, \$17,525,000, or 26 per cent.

Value of articles remaining dutiable at full rates imported into the United States, \$17,771,000, or 3 per cent.; imported into Canada, \$85,158,000, or 61 per cent.

Life's Blessings

Women who use Mother's Friend are saved much of the discomfort and suffering so common with expectant mothers. It is a penetrating oil that thoroughly lubricates every muscle, nerve and tendon involved at such times, and thus promotes physical comfort. It aids nature by expanding the skin and tissues and perfectly prepares the system for the coming of baby. Mother's Friend assures a quick and natural recovery for every woman who uses it. It is for sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

"Berry's for Clothes"



A LEADER FOR BOYS!

A \$12 overcoat that has taken as much care, thought and study in the making as goes into expensive coats for men. Reduced now to \$7.75.

We gave it all our attention because boys from 12 to 18 years, when they begin to "take notice" about dress, are the most fussy and most appreciative of all our customers.

This overcoat will fit all their ideas!

\$5.00 Reefers at \$3.45.
\$8.00 Reefers at \$5.75.
\$7.50 Overcoats at \$4.75.
Boys' Suits, same way.

Girls' Coats—
that were \$8.00 at \$4.85.
that were \$10.00 at \$5.75.
that were \$12.00 at \$7.80.
that were \$15.00 at \$9.85.
that were \$18.00 at \$11.90.

Isn't this a rare chance—well man-tailored garments at such prices?

St. Denys

Around the Hotels

Franklin county will lead all others in the State in making its nominations for various offices this year. Instead of waiting for the senatorial primary in September, the Democrats of that county will hold a convention in March to name candidates for the House of Delegates, county treasurer, sheriff, attorney for the Commonwealth, clerk of the court, and all the district offices. Thus, it will get in the game six months in advance of most of the counties and cities.

The matter of nominations, whether by primary or convention, together with the time, is left with local committees in the case of nominations other than for general State offices and members of Congress. This is a provision of the party primary plan. This news was brought to Richmond yesterday by John P. Lee, member of the House from Franklin, who spent yesterday in the city. Mr. Lee argued a case in Supreme Court yesterday, and was a guest at the Richmond Hotel.

"This convention which has been called," said Mr. Lee, "possesses no personal interest for me. I will not be a candidate for re-election. I lost four months of my time from practice before and during the last Legislature. I've had enough."

There will be at least two candidates for his seat before the convention, according to Mr. Lee.

State Senator Ben T. Gunter, of Accomack and State Senator Charles E. Gravat, of Caroline, were visitors in the city yesterday. Dr. Gravat successfully handled a question as to whether he would be back in the Senate next winter by saying that selection does not rest with him, but with the people of his district.

Virgilians at the Hotels.
Lexington—W. W. Gill, Danville; D. L. Lockery, Clarksville; D. M. Ganaway, Guilford Mills.

Davis—J. M. Dooler, Newport News; L. R. Small, Virginia; L. G. Shuman, Virginia; R. B. Wentz, Virginia; T. H. Porter, Boykins.

Murphy's—T. C. Haskins, Meherin; R. O. Werthman, Hanover; John A. Leary, Grundy; F. S. Sandol, Lebanon; E. H. Kainer, Bristol; L. W. Langhorne, Salem; S. Hamilton, Graves; Roanoke; William Eley, Suffolk; R. W. Maddox, Caroline; L. L. Dillard, Spotsylvania; J. C. Martin, Roanoke; Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Applewhite, Jarratt's; C. U. Grant, Port Royal; Lee Patton, Orange; Henry C. Goodwin, Lorton; W. C. Hally, Keyville; Nathan Harrison, Danville; Ben T. Gunter, Accomack; T. B. Behrmdt, Charlottesville; W. W. Edwards, Waverly; Mr. and Mrs. C. Deane and child, Nottoway; W. C. Connelly, Alexandria; N. C. Watts, Staunton; L. E. Lane, Charlottesville; Mrs. Jack Mitchell, Miss Raleigh, Norfolk; J. M. Williams, Roanoke; John P. Gustavson, Norfolk; Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Payne, Covington; Lorenzo Walford, Alexandria; E. W. George, Schwarzman; John E. Shank, Salem; A. F. Patton, Danville; R. Gwynn, Danville; W. E. Homes, Boydton; S. B. Jeffreys, Chase City; S. E. Spaulding, Chase City.

Park—J. A. Benthall, Norfolk; W. W. Duval, Sabot.

Richmond—L. W. Anderson, Rocky Mount; John P. Lee, Rocky Mount; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Walker, Staunton; Mrs. C. Crawford, Grovetts; C. W. Mitchell, Norfolk; George Wright, Gordonsville; R. M. Lett, Newport News; Robert L. Wingfield, Dilwyn; E. M. Whitman, Virginia; R. C. Sullivan, Alexandria; Mr. and Mrs. Philip B. Moser, Norfolk; J. H. C. Beverly, Essex county.

Life's Blessings

For the mother in the home to be strong and well, able to devote her time and strength to the rearing of children, is one of life's greatest blessings. Often the bearing of children injures the mother's health, if she has not prepared her system in advance for the important event.

much of the discomfort and suffering so common with expectant mothers. It is a penetrating oil that thoroughly lubricates every muscle, nerve and tendon involved at such times, and thus promotes physical comfort. It aids nature by expanding the skin and tissues and perfectly prepares the system for the coming of baby. Mother's Friend assures a quick and natural recovery for every woman who uses it. It is for sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

NEEDS GREAT SUM FOR STREET WORK

City Engineer Bolling Shows Where Nearly Two and a Half Million Can Be Used.

STRONG PLEA BY ADAMS

Chairman Says Smooth Paving Is Not So Important as Other Things.

In presenting the budget of the wants of the Street Department before the Council Committee on Finance last night for inclusion in the annual budget, Chairman Adams, of the Street Committee, brought out the fact that while the needs of the city have grown with the building operations in the outlying districts, the annual appropriations for streets generally have actually been reduced. The appropriation has been reduced from \$1,563,324 in 1907, to \$1,100,000 in 1909, and in 1910, \$1,000,000. He asked for \$2,500,000 for streets this year, the items to include grading, graveling, curbing, guttering, granite paving and oiling of streets.

Mr. Adams said that while there were a number of streets that should be smooth paved, and would eventually be paved with asphalt blocks, he was opposed to reducing the general appropriation for streets and sacrificing the growth of the city and the comfort of householders for a means for such a luxury as smooth paving at present.

Shockoe Creek.
Mr. Lynch, of the committee, presented a strong plea for improvement of Shockoe Creek, on which much work was done some years ago, but which has recently been neglected. The stream, he said, was an open drain into which empties sewerage from every ward in the city except Washington Ward. To wall it in and build an invert, he said, would enhance value of property and provide manufacturing sites in the great railroad bottom through which the creek now winds its way. Realizing that the work could not all be done at once, he asked a continuing appropriation of \$25,000 per year, so that a few blocks might be done from year to year.

Needs of City.
City Engineer Bolling presented a comprehensive, detailed report on the condition of the streets of the city and the need of street and sewer improvements at this time, reaching a grand total of \$2,482,030.55. The figures were given in detail, with the names of the streets, the character of the work proposed and an estimate of the cost of each piece of construction. Mr. Bolling admitted that even were such a fund provided, it would be impossible to do all the work in one year. For instance, his estimate of the needs of the city carried an item of \$154,000 for smooth paving Broad Street from Tenth to Harrison Street, but Mr. Bolling said that the work should not be started until the proposed deep sewer is laid along the north side of Broad Street, as a companion to that laid last year on the south side of the street. In the estimate of sewers needed this sewer is urgently recommended to be built this year, from Ninth to Seventh, from Seventh to Third, and from Second to Adams, the total cost being \$20,510.

Mr. Bolling also said that he would not advise smooth paving Broad Street until it has been determined whether the proposed Richmond Power Corporation decides whether, if it secures a franchise, it will construct conduits in Broad Street.

Schedule of Wants.

The detailed schedule of the requirements of the department follows:

Pay roll engineer's office	\$ 22,110 00
Pay assessor of damages	500 00
Hands and carts pay roll	70,000 00
Hands and carts expenses and purchase of mules	50,000 00
Roller and crusher expenses	8,000 00
Steam roller for Washington Ward	3,000 00
Streets generally, grading	216,509 21
Curbing, guttering and smooth paving	1,162,876 24
Opening and widening streets	150,000 00
Sewers	350,260 00
Sewer connections	500 00
Bridges and repairs to bridges	33,000 00
Shockoe Creek	256,185 00
Paving sidewalks by the city	75,000 00
Sidewalks by the city, obligated for	6,500 00
Gutting and paving alleyways	50,000 00
Oiling streets	25,000 00
Chief clerk in office, per Lynch report	1,500 00
Rodman, and car fare for rodman and assistants	700 00
Total	\$2,482,030 55

Want New Lester Street.
A large delegation from Fulton, led by Alderman Nelson and Councilman Rogers, appeared in behalf of the opening of new Lester Street, the total cost of which is estimated at \$54,000. They asked the construction of a bridge and retaining walls at Gillie's Creek and the graveling and opening of the street this year, at a cost of \$25,000, with the paving and other improvements to follow later.

Mr. Bolling urged that the budget be completed as soon as possible, arguing that the spring months were the best for contract work for outdoor construction. He reported the surveys of Washington Ward as almost completed, and said that work would begin shortly on sewers in that section. Former Councilman Garber, of Fulton, appeared in opposition to the relocation of Lester Street, asking that the city defer action until it can purchase the property on the north of the old street.

Police Department.
The claims of the Police Department were presented by Commissioners Manning and Thomas, who stated that the board, on advice of Commissioner Stanley of Washington Ward, advised eliminating the Washington Ward Police Station, and putting the station sergeants and others now stationed there on the street as policemen, provided an automobile patrol wagon was provided for the first district which could give prompt aid and bring prisoners to the First Station, and also provided there was a prompt extension of the system of police telegraph call boxes into South Richmond. The budget of the Police Department follows:

1 chief, per annum	\$ 2,000 00
5 captains, at \$1,500 per annum	7,500 00
21 sergeants, at \$1,100 per annum	23,100 00
1 probation officer, per annum	1,100 00
10 patrolmen, at \$1,000.75 per annum	10,007 50
Total	105,393 75

Strength and Public Confidence is the Foundation of Our Great Success

There is no safer depository for your funds than The Planters National Bank, Richmond, Virginia

Strength

National supervision, able, conservative, progressive management, enormous resources, capital and surplus—these are elements of great strength. The stability of this bank lies not alone in its Resources, Capital and Surplus, but in the character, experience and financial responsibility of the men back of it, who, through their conservative management have created a Surplus Fund of \$1,300,000.00, the largest of any National Bank between Washington, D. C., and New Orleans, La.

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We invite you, regardless of your location, to become a depositor of this bank. The facilities of this bank are not restricted to any locality.

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Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

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J. J. MONTAGUE	Vice-President	J. J. MONTAGUE,	
RICHARD H. SMITH	Vice-President and Cashier	W. J. WESTWOOD,	
R. LATIMER GORDON	Assistant Cashier	MORTON B. ROSENBAUM,	
CONWAY H. GORDON	Assistant Cashier	RICHARD H. SMITH,	
ARTHUR S. CHERRY	Mgr. Savings Department		

Capital	\$ 300,000.00
Surplus and Profits	1,300,000.00

PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK

MAIN AND TWELFTH STS. : : : : RICHMOND, VA.

2 Janitors, at \$600	1,200 00
Janitor Washington Ward, part time	180 00
3 drivers, one detailed at signal board	2,340 00
1 motor patrol driver	540 00
1 driver and mechanic	1,140 00
20 patrolmen added to force at \$1,000.75	30,112 50
Total	\$174,026 25
Expenses	\$15,537 00
Equipment additional account	1,053 00
Maintenance of signal system, new boxes and extensions	2,000 00
Signal system for Washington Ward, 10 boxes, poles, underground cable from City Hall to south end of Free Bridge, and other equipment	8,961 00
Total signal system	10,961 00
Water Department.	
Superintendent Eugene E. Davis presented the wants of the Water Department, asking for:	
Construction expense account	\$27,156 50
Marshall Reservoir	3,620 00
Byrd Park Reservoir	6,180 00
Pumping station No. 1	30,500 00
Pumping station No. 2	10,054 00
Department pay roll	15,207 00
Meter account	30,000 00
Expense account	1,900 00
Settling Basin, pay roll and expense	28,000 00
Mr. Davis also asked for a new Reservoir for the first ward, to cost \$10,000; a flume across James River to supply South Richmond, to cost \$70,000; and the metering of all taps in the city to save waste water to cost \$55,000. Mr. Bradley suggested the advisability of carrying the proposed supply main across the old Free Bridge, saying that he had been informed that the bridge could be underlain with girder construction and practically rebuilt for \$70,000.	

Armory, including gymnasium fittings. The Cemetery Committee presented its usual pay roll and accounts for Riverview, Oakwood, Shockoe and Maury Cemeteries, asking additional force in the three larger ones, and admitting that the two men now employed at Shockoe had nothing to do there being but a few burials a year in that ancient burying ground.

The Finance Committee will sit again on Tuesday night to hear from the James River Improvement Committee, the directors of the Virginia State Fair, and any others who desire to be heard in connection with the new budget.

To Erect State Building.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raleigh, N. C., January 26.—Secretary of State J. Bryan Grimes and ex-Attorney General J. W. Winston addressed the joint Senate and House Committees on Public Buildings and Grounds to-night and secured unanimous favorable report for the bill appointing a State building commission to erect a fireproof State and administration building. The State is to issue \$1,000,000 five-year 4 per cent. bonds for the purpose.

Will Continue Investigation.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Suffolk, Va., January 26.—Following the Nansemond county grand jury, which is probing alleged improper dealing of personal property for taxation, has adjourned until next Monday and subpoenas were ordered issued for 125 more witnesses.

OBITUARY

Funeral of Miss Alley.
The funeral of Miss Mary Elizabeth Alley was conducted from the house, 403 East Main Street, Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The pallbearers were: Honorary—W. C. Brown, J. T. Johnson, C. B. Fleet, Wm. Hannah; Active—Horace Shepperson, Walker Stuart, Frank L. Butler, John Garland Pollard, Roy Burnett, Rupert Vaughan-Lloyd, L. Simmons, A. H. Herman.

The services were conducted by Rev. E. L. Grace, of Broadus Memorial Baptist Church, of which Miss Alley was a member, assisted by Rev. J. W. Wicker, of the Legi Street Baptist Church.

T. C. Snead.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Danville, Va., January 26.—T. C. Snead, a well known and prominent farmer of the Ringgold neighborhood, died last night, aged forty-five years. He was a member of the Bethel Methodist Church, and leaves a wife and five children. The funeral will be conducted from the residence to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

John P. Martin.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Blacksburg, Va., January 26.—John P. Martin died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. H. Kester, here. The funeral was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

noon from the Methodist Church, and burial was made in the Blacksburg Cemetery. Mr. Martin was born in this county eighty-nine years ago, and spent much of his life at Newport, in Giles county. In 1850 he married Miss Elizabeth Kester, of Craig county, who survives him, with the following children: John R. and T. C. Martin, of Pa.; R. V. Martin, of Homestead, Pa.; Logan, of Beckley, W. Va.; and Mrs. Harmon Kester, of Blacksburg.

Frank Dever.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Harrisonburg, Va., January 26.—Frank Dever, eighty-eight years old, Confederate veteran and former merchant of Mount Solon, died yesterday at Montezuma, Rockingham county. Twice married, he leaves seven children. He belonged to the Church of the Brethren.

Mrs. Harriet F. Rinker.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Winchester, Va., January 26.—Mrs. Harriet F. Rinker, member of the old widow's family of Frederick county and home of her son, A. R. Rinker, at Galesburg, aged seventy-six years. She leaves two sons and one daughter.

Michael Miller.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Spencer, N. C., January 26.—Michael Miller, aged ninety-three years, one of the best-known citizens of Rowan county, died at his home near Spencer yesterday afternoon. He was an honored Confederate veteran, a prominent farmer, and is survived by two sons and two daughters.

Mrs. Mary E. Tindler.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Spotsylvania, Va., January 26.—Mrs. Mary E. Tindler, widow of John Tindler, of Spotsylvania county, died to-day at the residence of her nephew, Joseph Talley, aged ninety-eight years. She is survived by one sister and several nieces and nephews.

Ann Rector.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Middleburg, Va., January 26.—Ann Rector, a prosaic and wealthy farmer, died at his home, Atoka, on Tuesday, aged seventy years. He is survived by his wife, one son, Clarence H., and one brother, W. A. Rector, of Washington, D. C.

Death of an Infant.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Blacksburg, Va., January 26.—Court-

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Sutherland & Cherry

Special—Odds and ends in Furniture, Iron Beds, Mattings, Stoves, etc. Cheap to close them out.

310 EAST BROAD.

Petersburg Dyspeptics

Drink PANACEA Mineral Spring Water

W. E. ARMSTRONG & CO

Can Supply You

PITTS FURNITURE COMPANY

SPECIAL SALE

1429 E. Main St. 117 W. Broad St.

DEATHS

PEROE—Died. Thursday, January 26, 1911, at 1 P. M. at residence of Mrs. M. P. Lipscomb, 818 North Eleventh Street. MRS. ANNIE LOUIS PEROE, widow of Edmund Peroe, aged fifty years. She leaves to mourn their loss a mother, one brother, daughter and son, three stepsons and one stepdaughter.

The funeral will take place SATURDAY AFTERNOON, January 28, at 4 o'clock, from Christ Episcopal Church, Interment in Oakwood.

Too Late for Classification.
LOST WEDNESDAY OR THURSDAY, on the street or street cars, a gold chain and locket; C. M. R. engraved on one side and 1510 on the other side. Reward if returned to 1005 Grove Avenue.

BIG TRUNK SALE

STARTS MONDAY.

SEE SUNDAY'S TIMES-DISPATCH.

Rountree's Trunk Store

708 E. Broad St.

Don't Take Chances

with your advertising appropriation. See the services of an agency who has made a success for others. Advice and plans free.

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